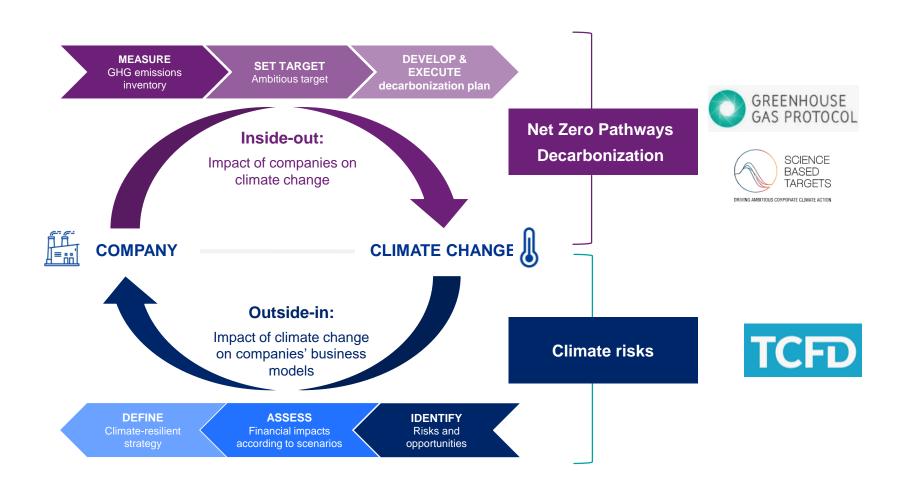


# Our views on implementing the TCFD recommendations

Strategic considerations

# climate change should be considered from both the Inside-Out as well as the Outside-In

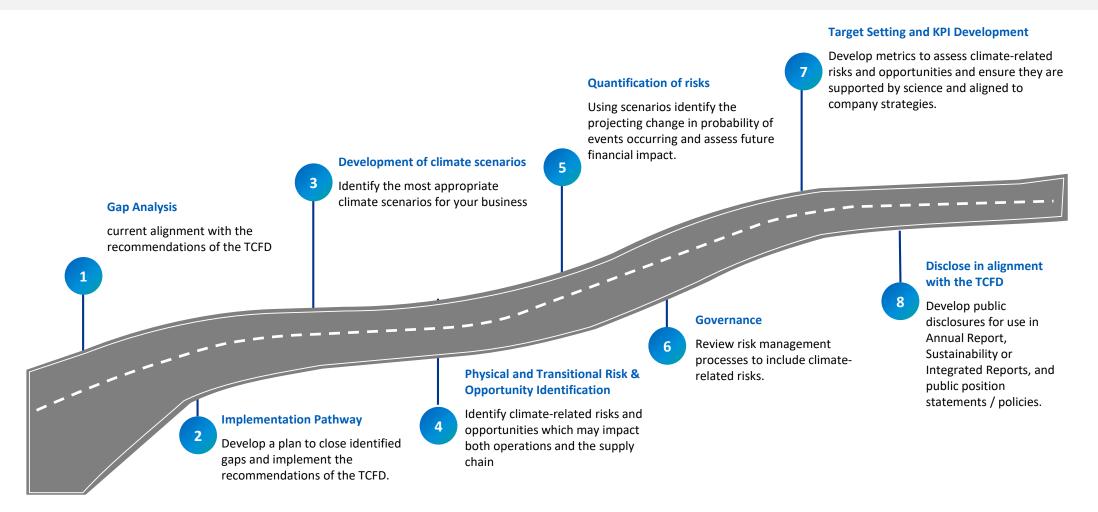
### perspective





## **TCFD Implementation Roadmap**

KPMG has worked with a range of organisations to implement all aspects of the recommendations of the TCFD. Below is a summary roadmap





# Key considerations for setting the right approach from the start



Next to guiding disclosure, applying the TCFD framework informs strategy, requiring top management buy-in



Key scoping elements of the scenarios are temperature trajectories, time horizon and at least two scenarios



Data availability, both internally and externally may complicate and delay quantification



Stakeholders engagement is key to ensure a common understanding, buy-in and smooth integration

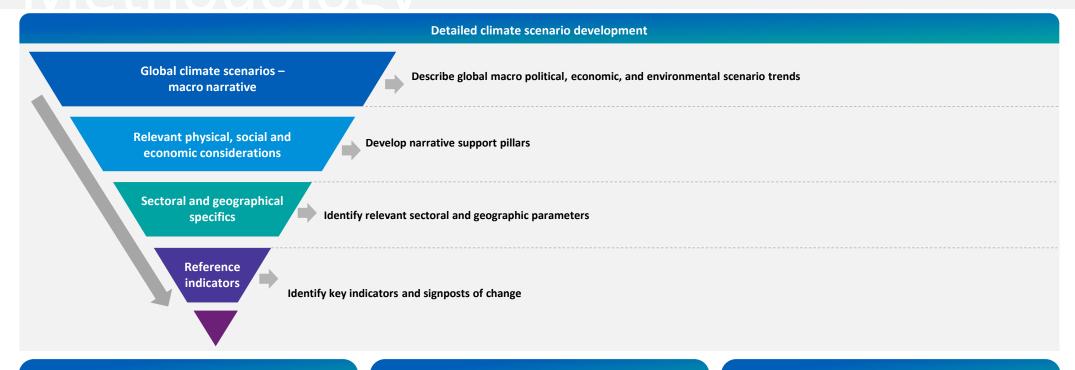


Risk integration comprises multiple elements for consideration



## Scenario Development

KPMG utilises a top down and collaborative approach to developing climate scenarios and applying those scenarios across your business operations, supply chains, and customers to identify climate-related physical and transition risks.



#### Immediate Action (<2°C scenario)

- Strong, very fast curtailment of emissions, which peak around 2025
- Government and consumer led change with strict policy and clear preference changes
- Circular economy trends prevail
- Fast transition to renewables and low carbon transportation
- Manageable level of transition risks present

#### Delayed Policy Response (2-3°C scenario)

- Minimal short-term change to policy landscape followed by rapid shift to coordinated decarbonisation policy in 2030
- Material change in approach leading to rapid decarbonisation of key sectors from 2030
- Impact to trade from 2030 as climate policy enforces regulations in various sectors
- Moderate physical impacts and significant transition impacts present

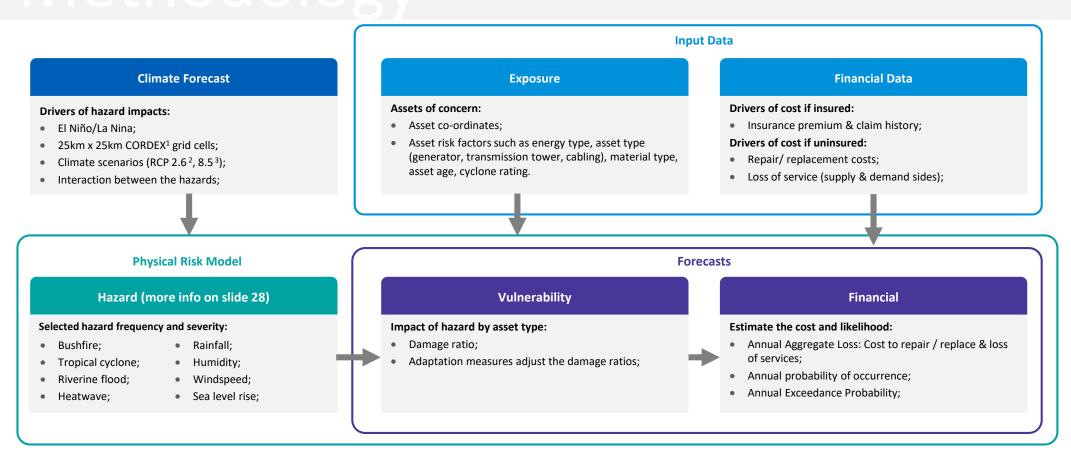
#### Business as usual (4°C scenario)

- Little to no change in current action to prevent climate change
- Policies are disorganised, with leaders and laggards throughout the market
- Supply chains experience significant impacts due to severe weather events
- Significant physical impacts and little transition impacts present



## Physical Climate Risk Assessment

KPMG can also offer customized and detailed physical risk assessment. In addition to repair & replacement cost, we can also offer loss of service impacts due to natural hazards where if one asset fails a broader loss of service occurs.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Coordinated Regional Climate Downscaling Experiment



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Risk Concentration Pathway 2.6 scenario will result in an average global warming between 0 to 2 degrees above pre-industrial times by the year 2100.

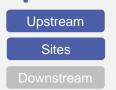
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Risk Concentration Pathway 8.5 scenario and will result in an average global warming between 3 to 5 degrees above pre-industrial times by the year 2100.

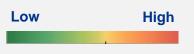
Our climate tool will help visualize & prioritize risks, countries, sites, suppliers, ...











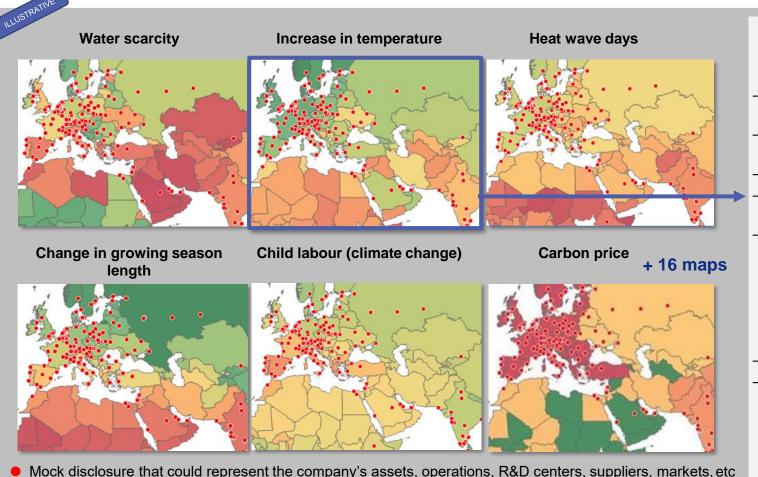
**Climate related impact** 



Our climate tool can help you understand what latest climate data science and

political development can look like in different scenarios ...

... but **more importantly** we can help understand what these mean for the company



#### Possible negative impacts

- energy costs at manufacturing sites for cooling
- ① cost of supply due to disruptions related to heat stress and droughts
- workers' productivity (e.g. supply chain)
- 1 health issues impacting suppliers, staff and providers
- ① migrant flows, favoring vector-borne disease and rising health challenges

#### Possible positive impacts

- 1 demand for certain products
- î need for research and development of new/existing products





## KPMG Cont



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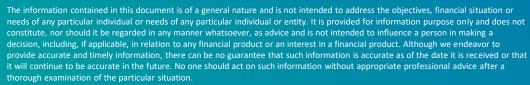
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